Amendments to the Claims

Please amend the claims without prejudice. The listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of the Claims

1. (Currently amended) A method for determining a downhole parameter in a drilling environment, comprising:

activating, by an activation device (6), drilling fluid flowing past the activation device;

turning off the activation device (6) for a time sufficient to create an unactivated slug of drilling fluid;

detecting the unactivated drilling fluid slug at a known distance (d) from the activation device (6); and

determining a time-of-flight (t) for the unactivated drilling fluid slug to travel the distance (d); and

calculating borehole volume over the distance (d) using a known surface volumetric flow rate.

- 2. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising calculating drilling fluid velocity from the time-of-flight (t) and the known distance (d).
- 3. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein calculating the fluid velocity includes using a rate-of-penetration correction.
- 4. (Canceled)
- 5. (Currently amended) The method of claim <u>1</u> 4, further comprising calculating a borehole diameter from the borehole volume.
- 6. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising calculating a downhole volumetric flow rate from the time-of-flight (t) and a known borehole volume.
- 7. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the method is performed using a logging-while-drilling tool.

- 8. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the fluid flowing past the activation device is flowing toward a surface location.
- 9. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the unactivated drilling fluid slug is detected using a gamma ray detector located in a drill string tool the distance d from the activation device.
- 10. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the distance d is chosen such that the unactivated drilling fluid slug is detected within about 30 seconds from when it passes the activation device.
- 11. (Currently amended) A tool for determining a downhole parameter in a drilling environment, wherein the tool is adapted to be placed in a drill string and wherein the tool comprises a activation device (6) and a gamma ray detector (7) separated along a drill string axis thereof by a distance (d), the tool further comprising:

control circuitry to turn off the activation device (6) for a time sufficient to create an unactivated slug of drilling fluid flowing past the tool; and

processing means (17), coupled to the gamma ray detector (7), for determining when the unactivated slug of drilling fluid flows past the gamma ray detector (7); and

wherein the processing means is configured to calculate borehole volume over the distance (d) using a known volumetric flow rate.

- 12. (Original) The tool of claim 11, wherein the processing means further determines a time-of-flight (t) for the unactivated drilling fluid slug to travel the distance (d).
- 13. (Original) The tool of claim 12, wherein the processing means is configured to calculate drilling fluid velocity from the time-of-flight (t) and the known distance (d).
- 14. (Canceled)
- 15. (Currently amended) The tool of claim 11 14, wherein the processing means is configured to calculate a borehole diameter from the borehole volume.

- 16. (Original) The tool of claim 12, wherein the processing means is configured to calculate a downhole volumetric flow rate from the time-of-flight (t) and a known borehole volume.
- 17. (Previously presented) The tool of claim 11, wherein the tool comprises a logging-while-drilling tool.
- 18. (Previously presented) The tool of claim 11, wherein the fluid flowing past the activation device is flowing outside the tool.

	activation device is flowing outside the tool.
19.	(New) A method for determining a downhole parameter in a drilling
	environment, comprising:
	activating, by an activation device (6), drilling fluid flowing past the
	activation device;
	turning off the activation device (6) for a time sufficient to create an
	unactivated slug of drilling fluid;
	detecting the unactivated drilling fluid slug at a known distance (d) from
	the activation device (6); and
	determining a time-of-flight (t) for the unactivated drilling fluid slug to
	travel the distance (d); and
	calculating a borehole diameter from the borehole volume.
20.	(New) A method for determining a downhole parameter in a drilling
	environment, comprising:
	activating, by an activation device, drilling fluid flowing past the
	activation device;
	turning off the activation device for a time sufficient to create an
	unactivated slug of drilling fluid;
	detecting the unactivated drilling fluid slug at a known distance (d) from
	the activation device;
	determining a time-of-flight (t) for the unactivated drilling fluid slug to
	travel the distance (d); and
	calculating a downhole volumetric flow rate from the time-of-flight (t)

and a known borehole volume.

21.	(New) A method for determining a downhole parameter in a drilling
	environment, comprising:
	activating, by an activation device (6), drilling fluid flowing past the
	activation device;
	turning off the activation device (6) for a time sufficient to create an
	unactivated slug of drilling fluid;
	detecting the unactivated drilling fluid slug at a known distance (d) from
	the activation device (6); and
	determining a time-of-flight (t) for the unactivated drilling fluid slug to
	travel the distance (d); and
	calculating drilling fluid velocity from the time-of-flight (t) and the
	known distance (d), wherein calculating the fluid velocity includes using a
	rate-of-penetration correction.